

Comparative autecology of NZ's endemic *Pittosporum* shrub epiphytes

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Pittosporum cornifolium



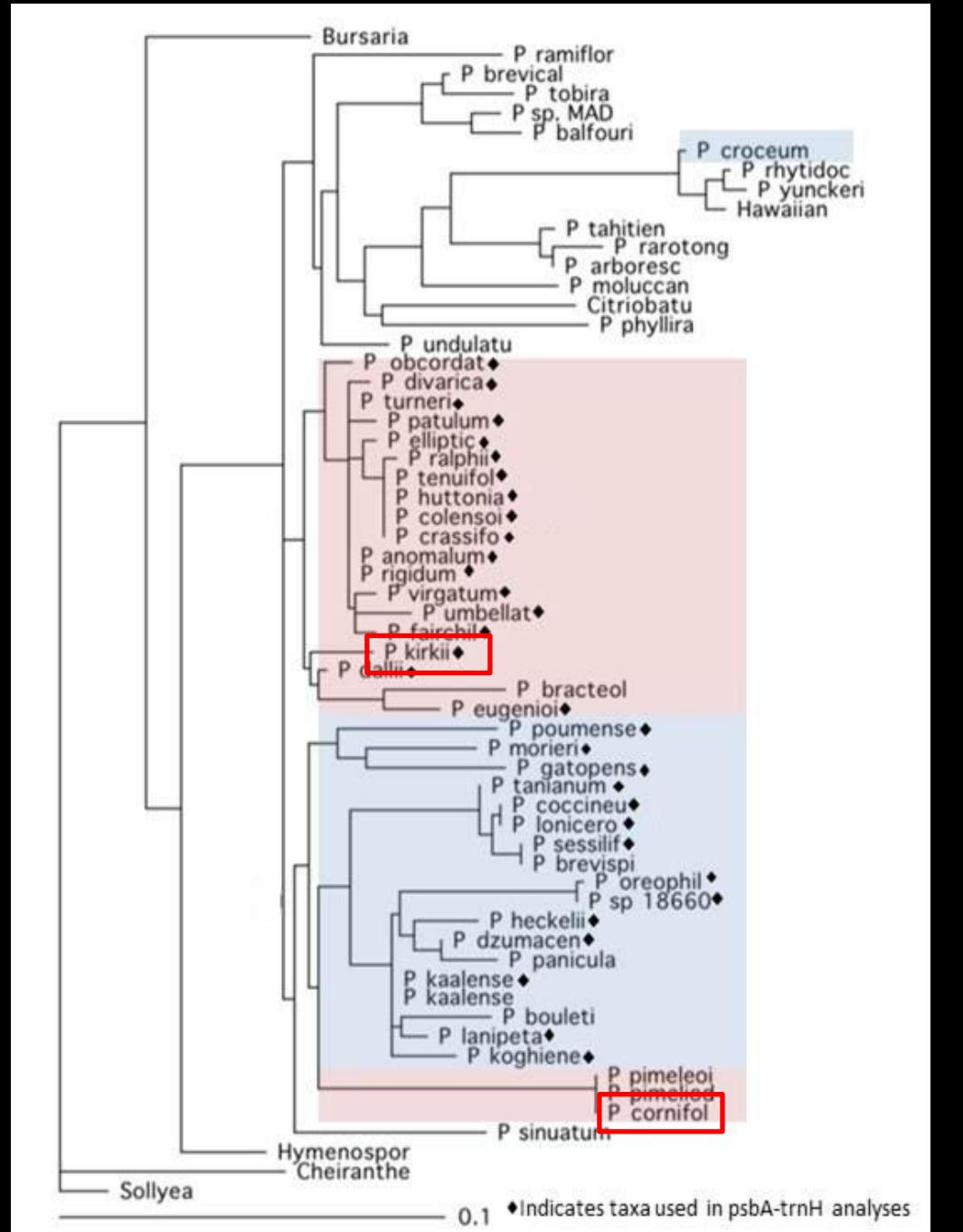
Pittosporum kirkii



Pittosporum phylogenetic relationships



■ New Zealand
■ New Caledonia



Reproductive biology

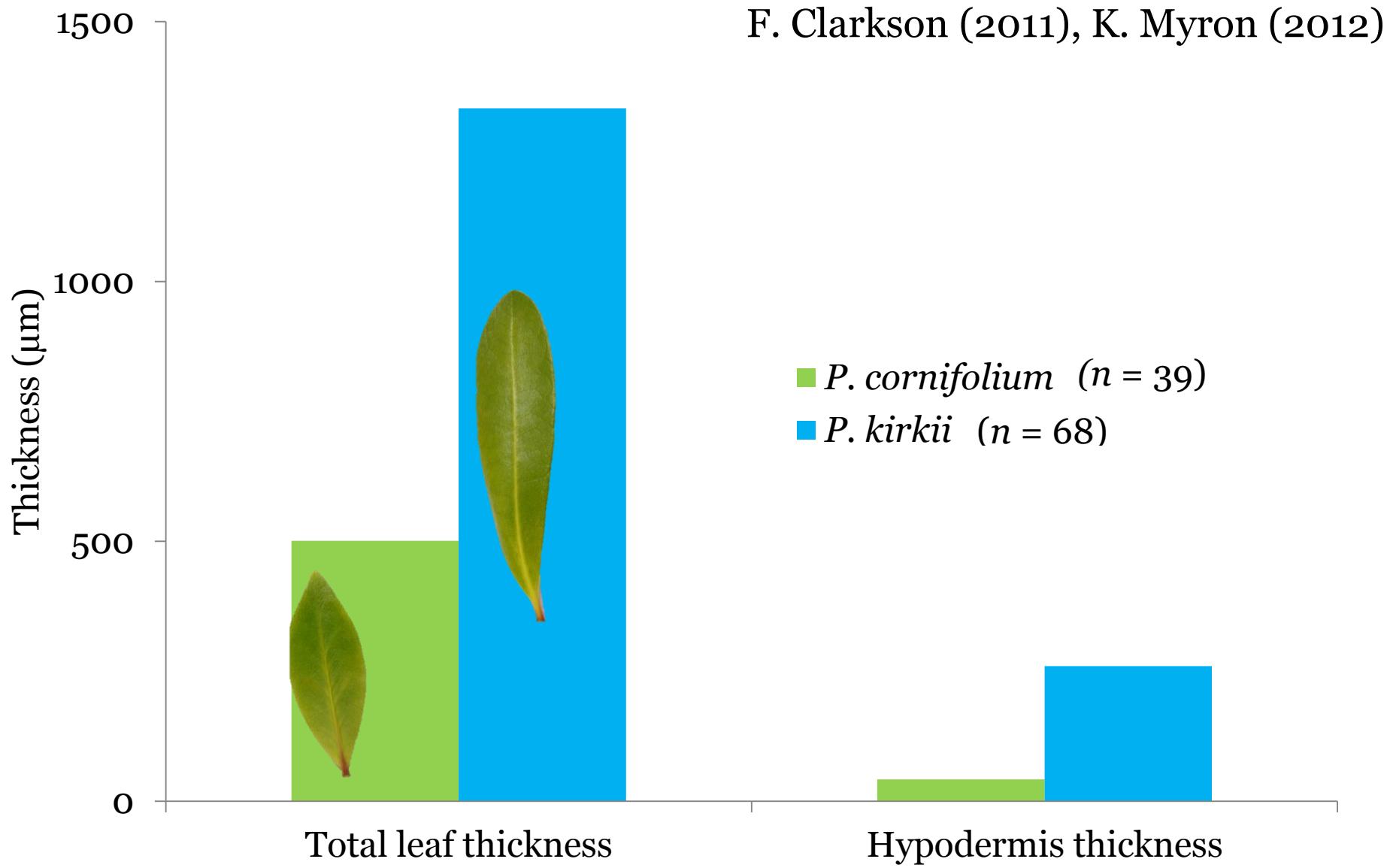


Leaf morphology



Leaf morphology

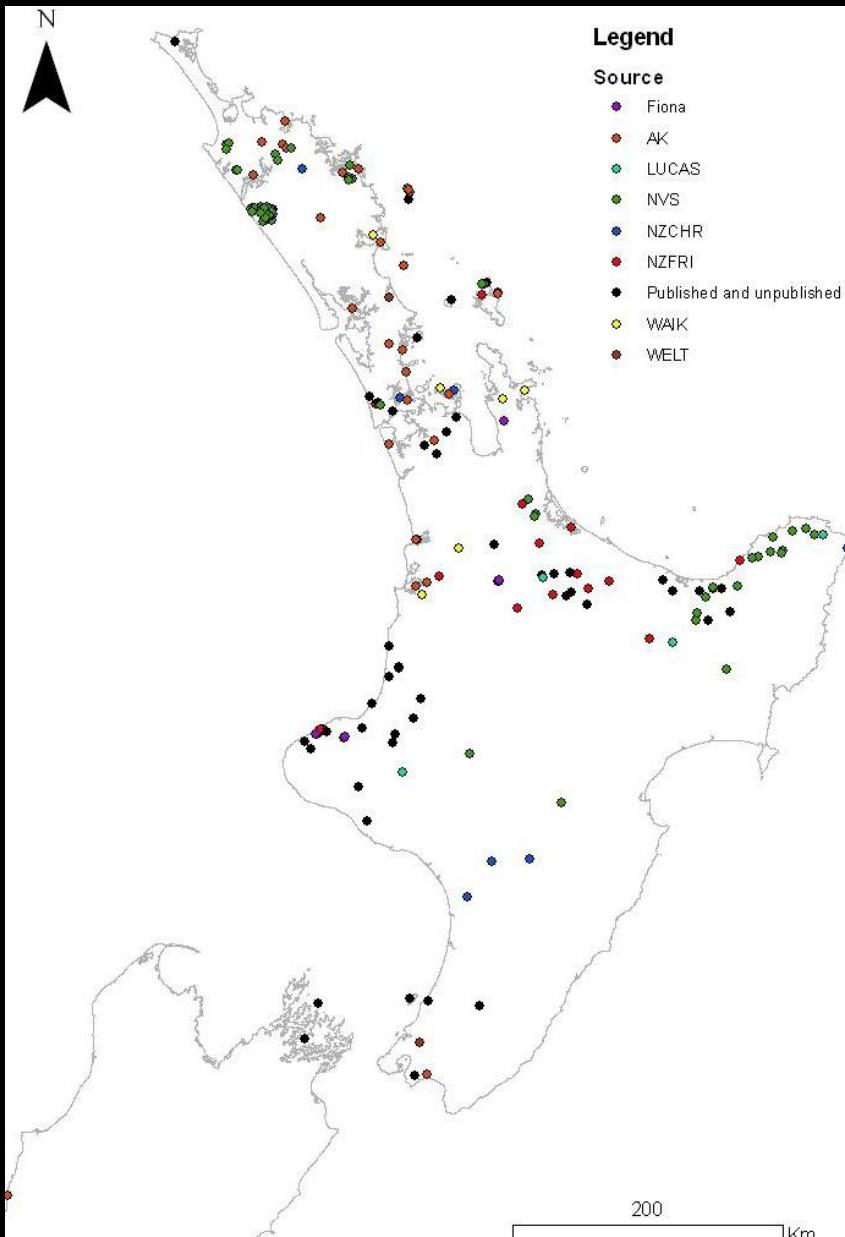
F. Clarkson (2011), K. Myron (2012)



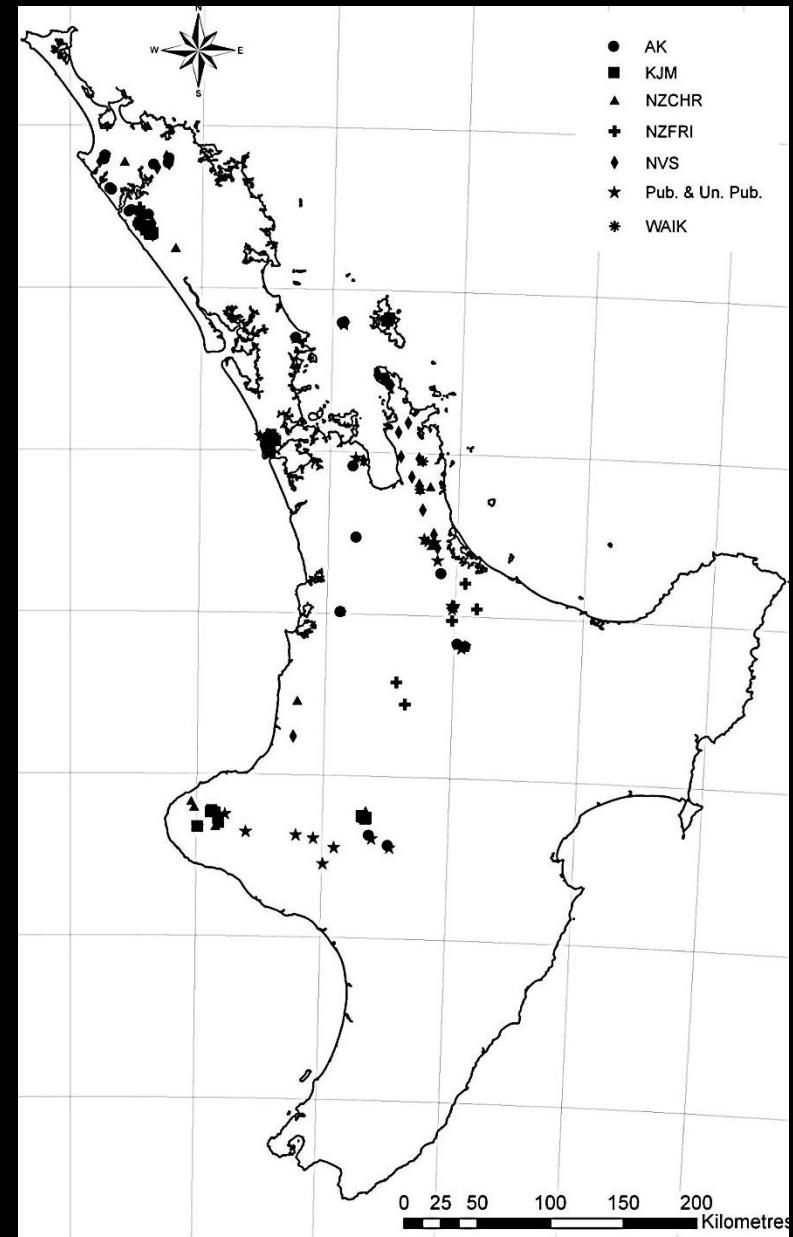
Outline

- Distribution and environmental model
- Hosts and host size
- Associates and competitive interactions
- Phenology
- Population/life stage structures
- Sex ratios
- Population genetics
- Conservation and restoration

Distribution records



P. cornifolium (Clarkson, 2011)



P. kirkii (Myron, 2012)

Key environmental predictors (mean values)

	1	2	3	4	5	6	7
<i>P. cornifolium</i>	1841.7	0.32	13.2	5.0	247.8	14.8	5.9
<i>P. kirkii</i>	2104.8	0.29	12.0	4.4	471.5	1.5	5.9

1 = Total annual rainfall (mm)

2 = Mean October vapour pressure deficits at 0900 hours (kPa)

3 = Mean annual temperature (°C)

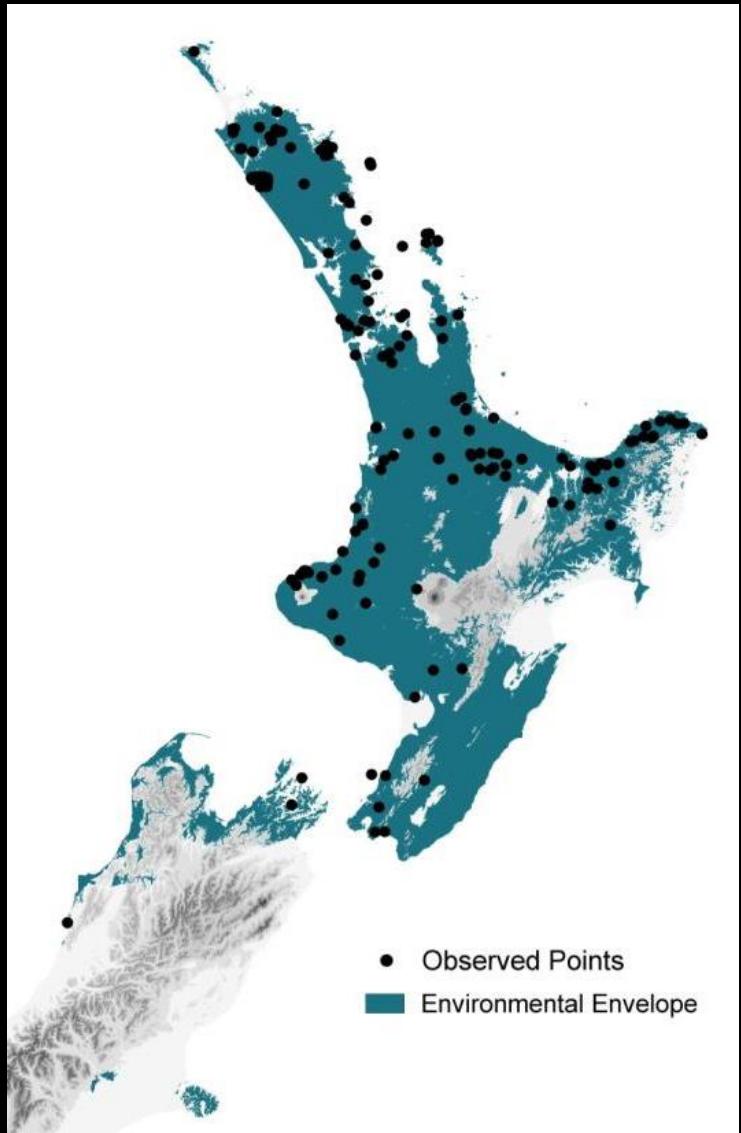
4 = Mean minimum daily temperature of the coldest month (°C)

5 = Elevation (m)

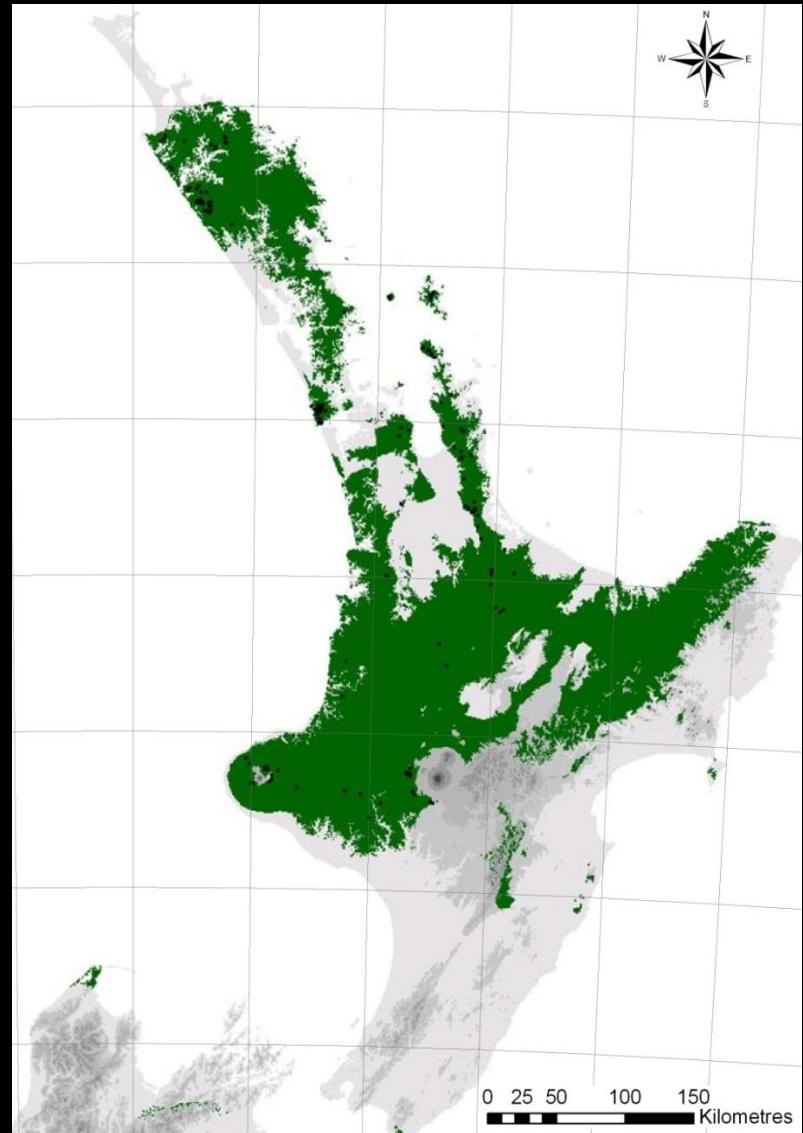
6 = Mean annual solar radiation per day (kJ/m²/day)

7 = Mean minimum daily solar radiation in June (MJ/m²/day)

Environmental model

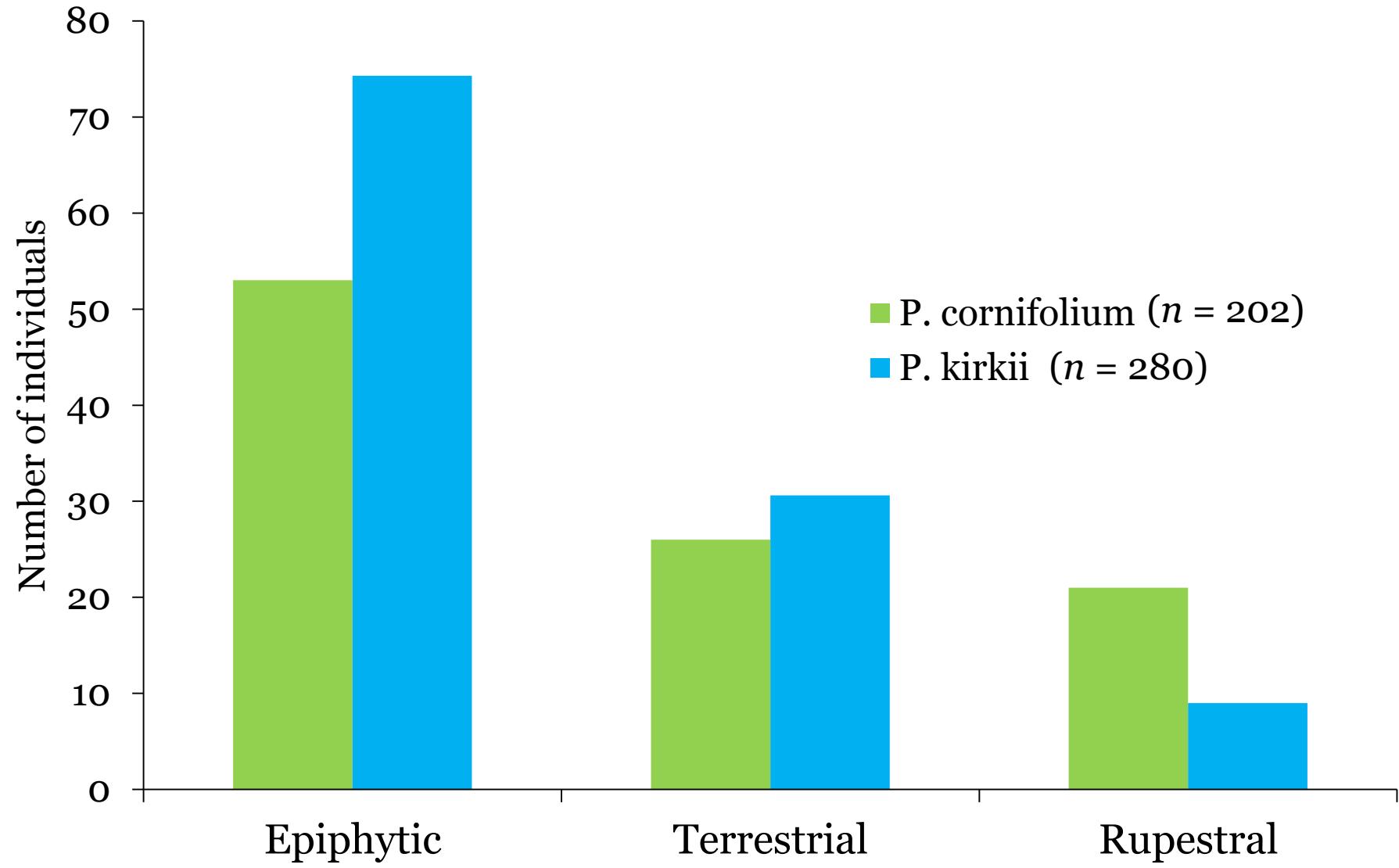


P. cornifolium (Clarkson, 2011)



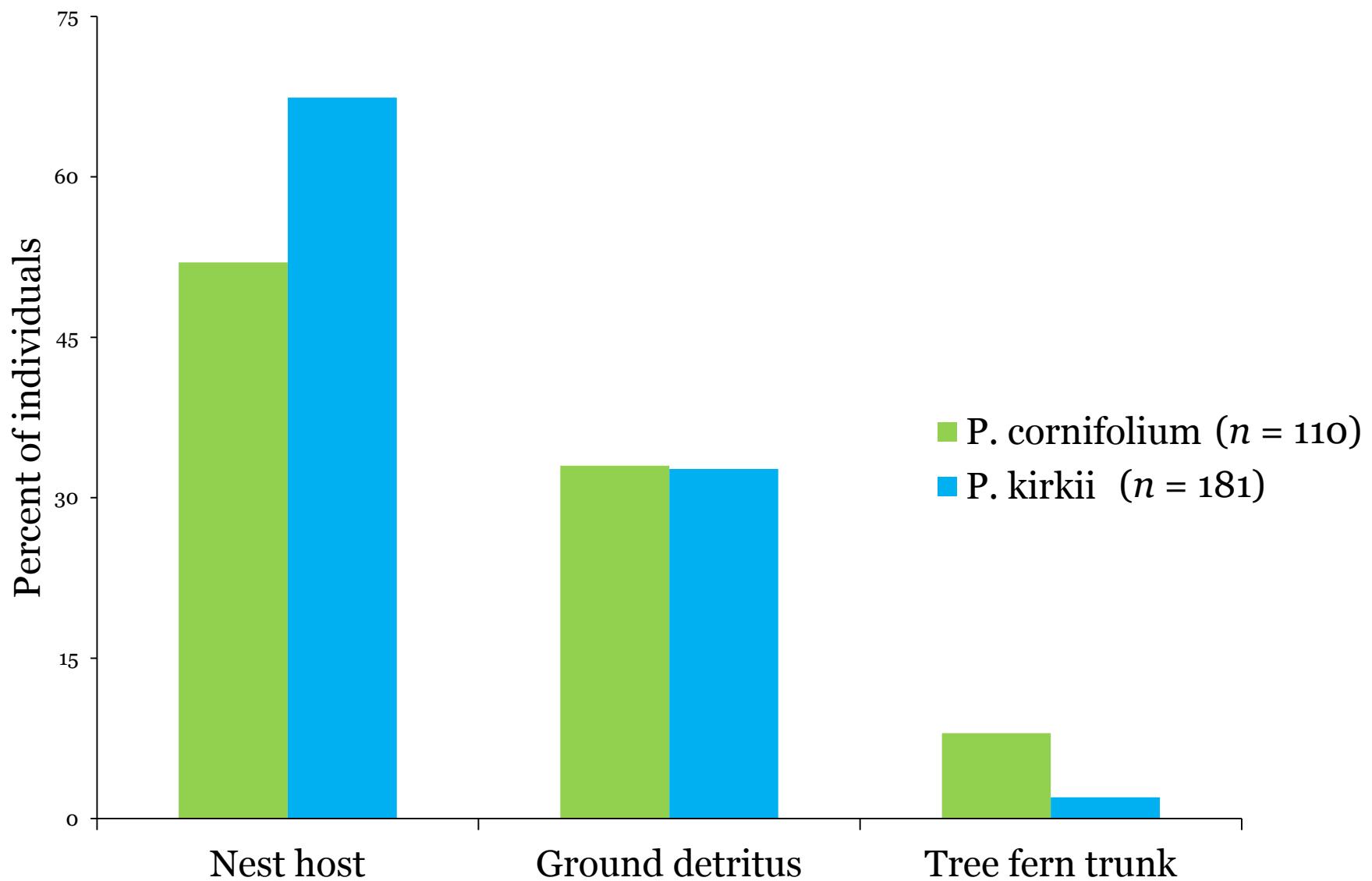
P. kirkii (Myron, 2012)

Overall life style



Clarkson (2011), Myron (2012)

Overall growing substrate



Nest hosts

Astelia solandri

Astelia banksii

Colospermum hastatum

Colospermum microspermum



Colospermum hastatum



Images: C. Bryan

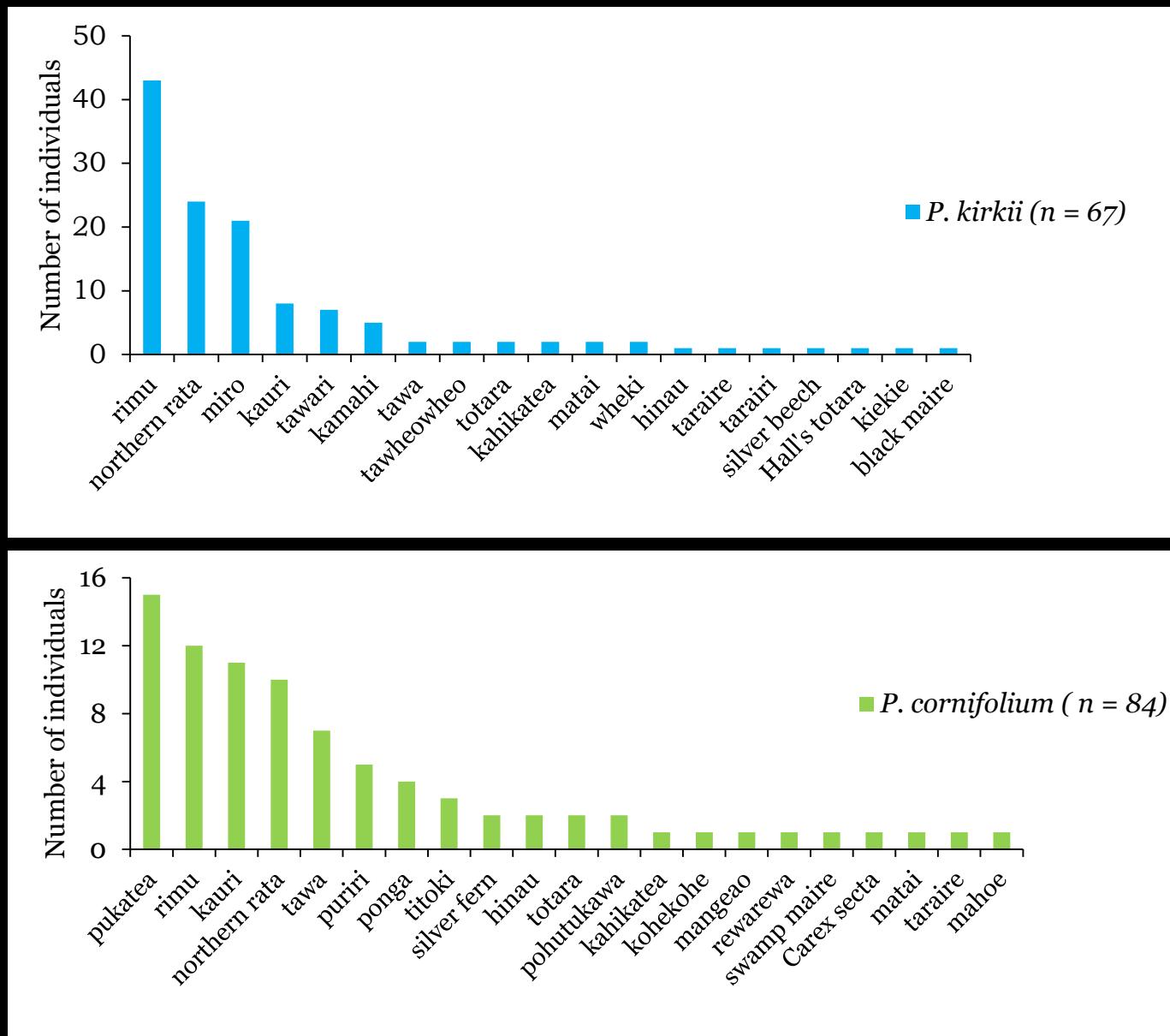
Raglan rupestral



A close-up photograph of a tree fern's trunk and canopy. The trunk is thick and textured, with several large, light-colored, branching roots extending downwards. Numerous brown, dried, and crumpled frond bases are attached to the trunk and roots, creating a complex, textured mass.

Tree fern host

Host tree species



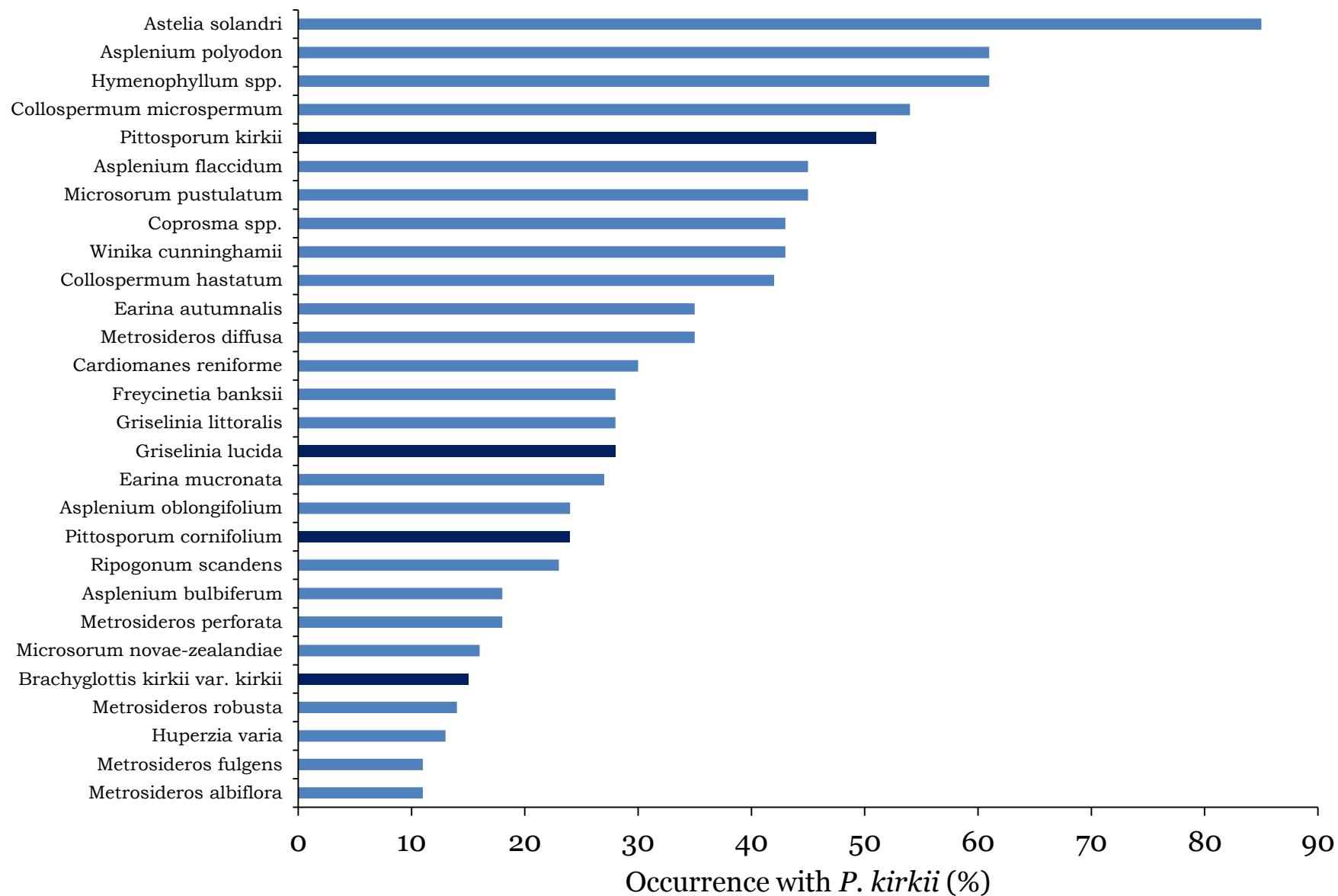


Host tree diameter cm

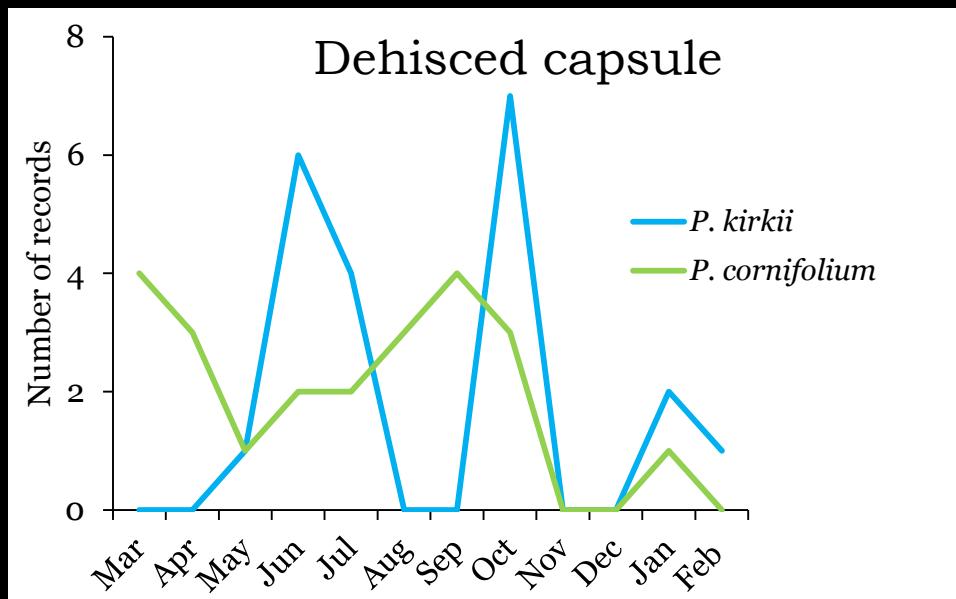
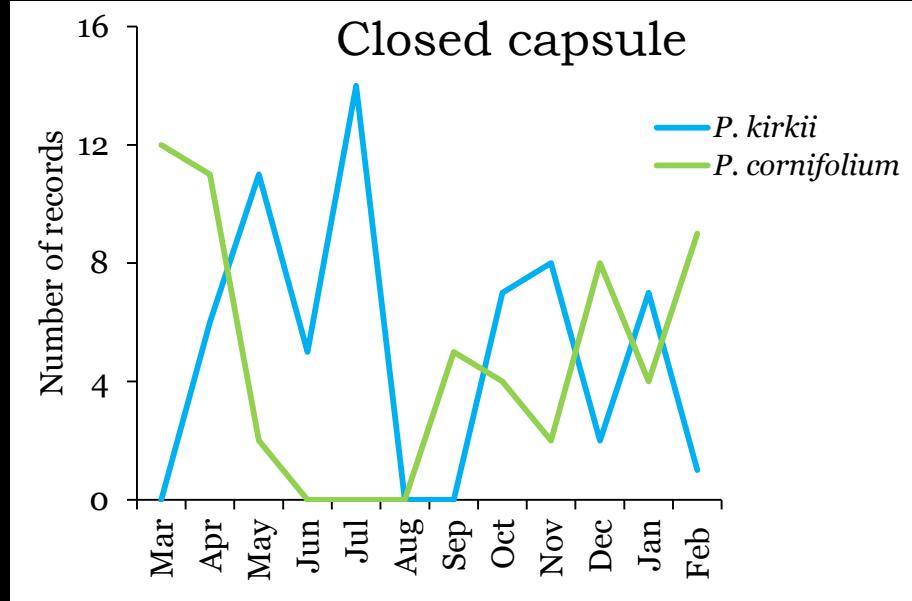
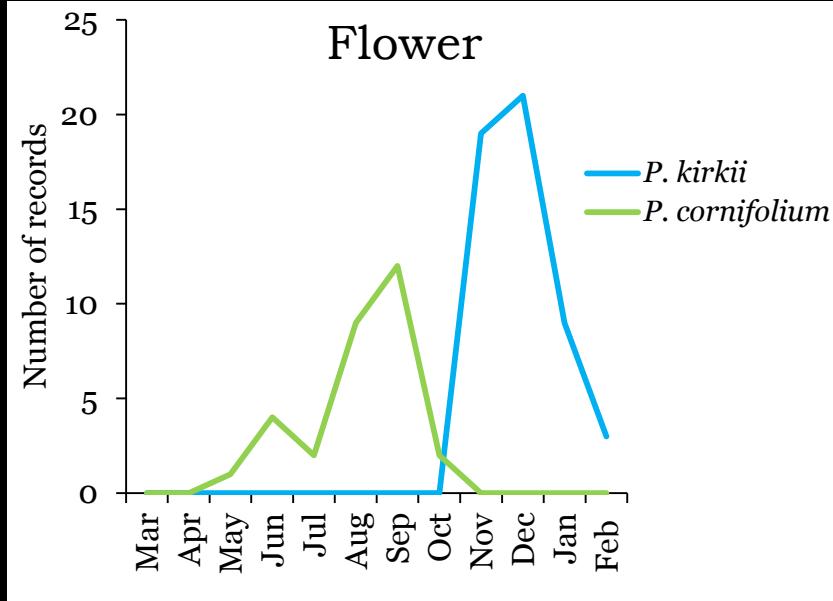
	<i>P. kirkii</i>	<i>P. cornifolium</i>
Mean	151	152
Min.	9	7
Max.	522	290

Clarkson (2011), Myron (2012)

Associated species: *P. kirkii*

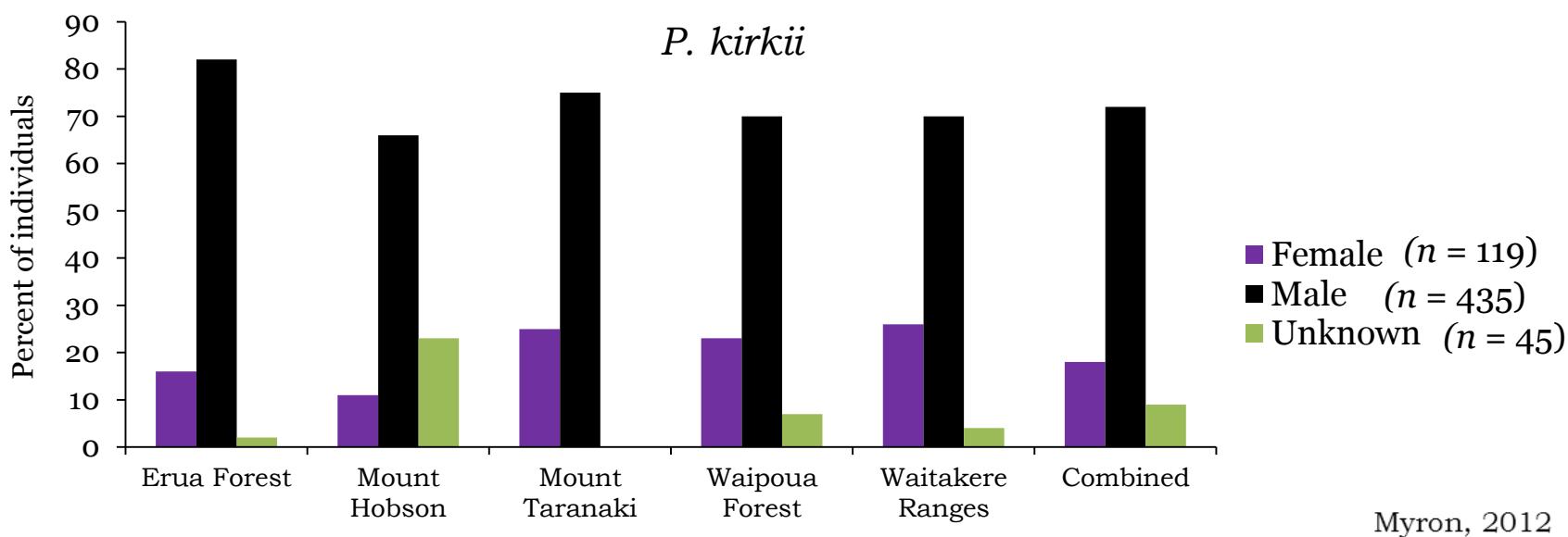
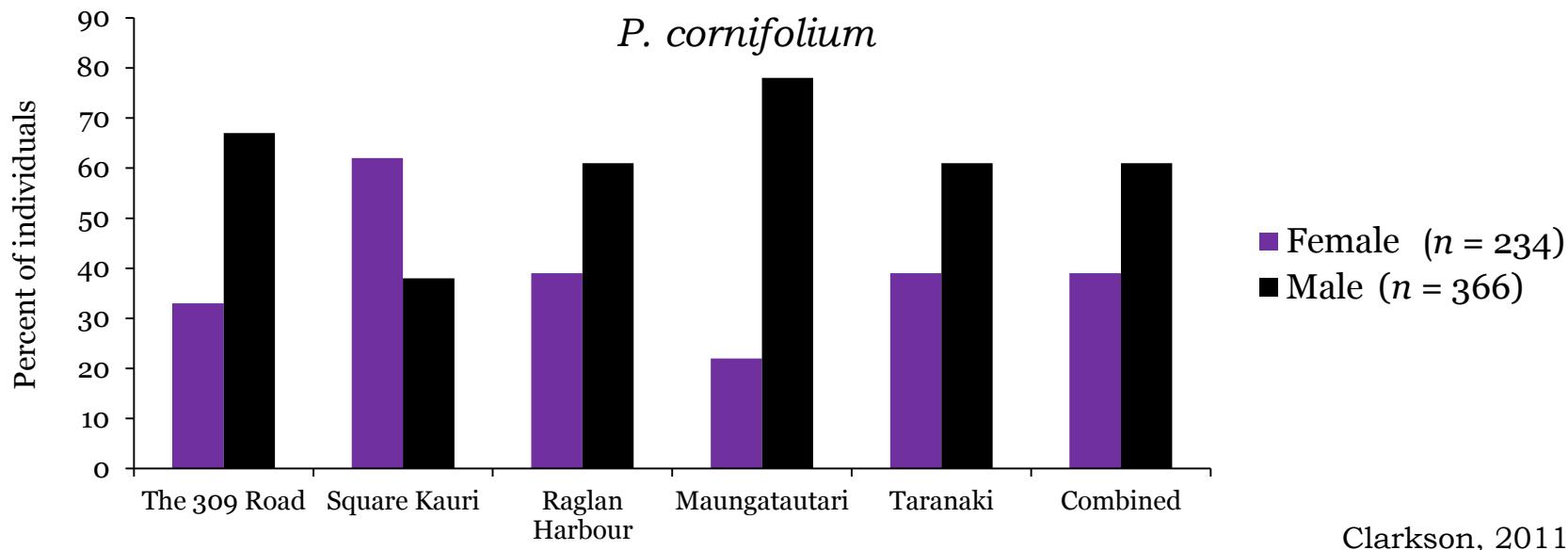


Phenology

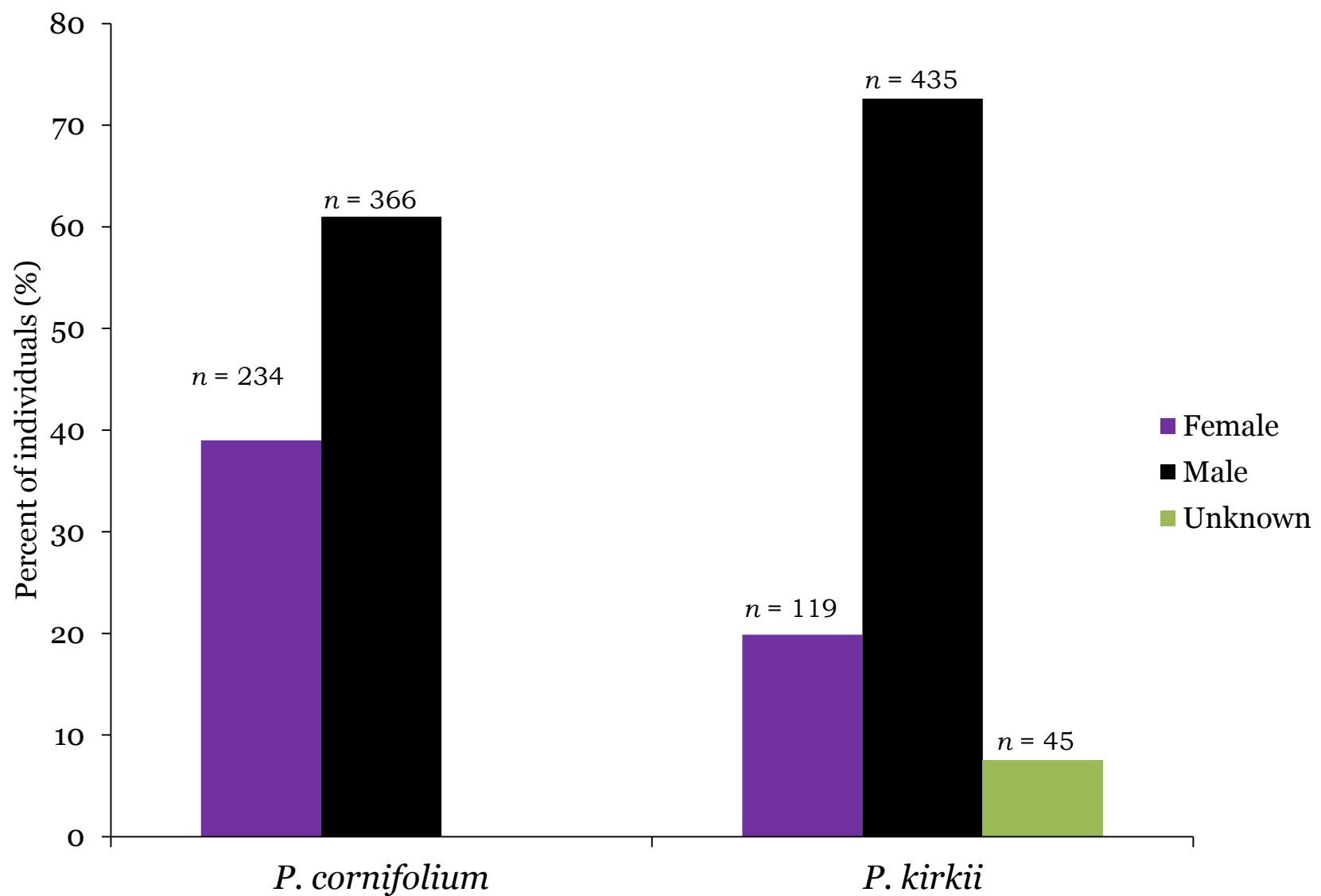


P. kirkii ($n = 145$)
P. cornifolium ($n = 105$)

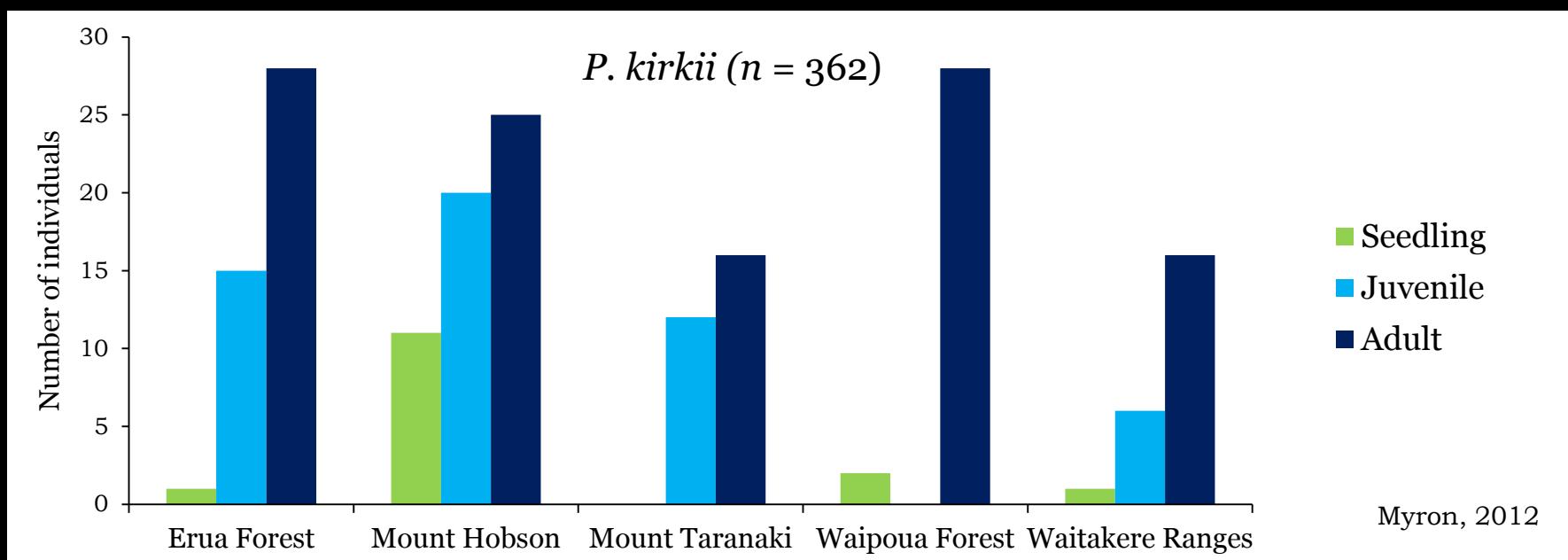
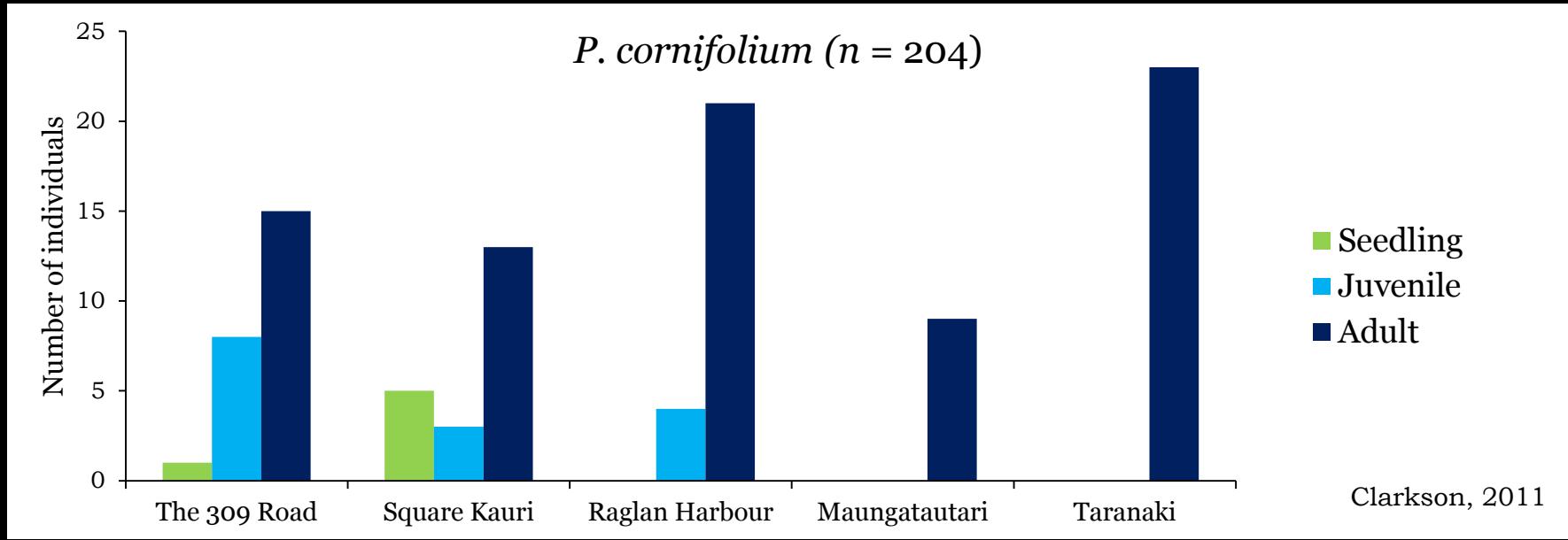
Sex Ratios



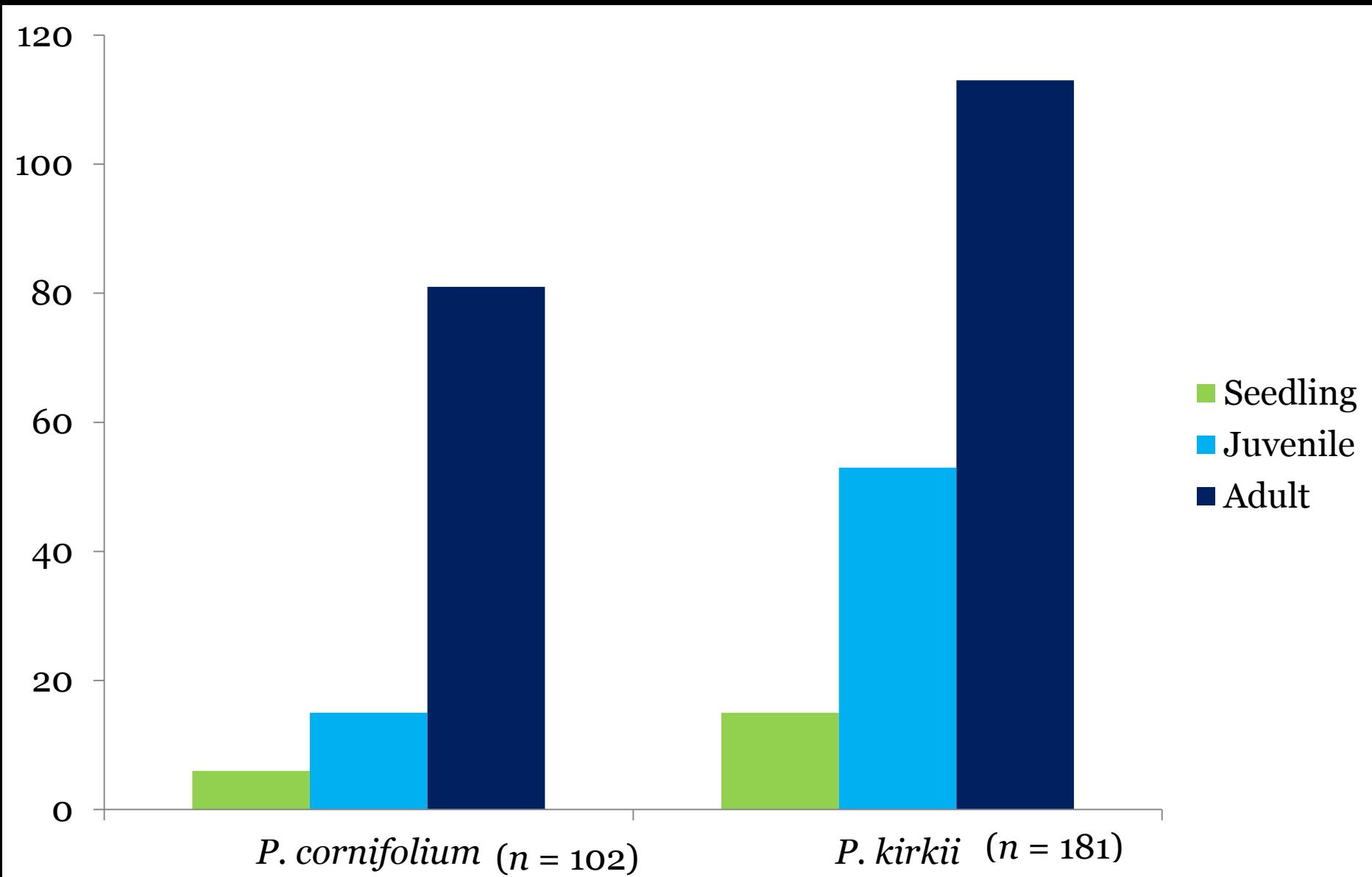
Overall sex ratios



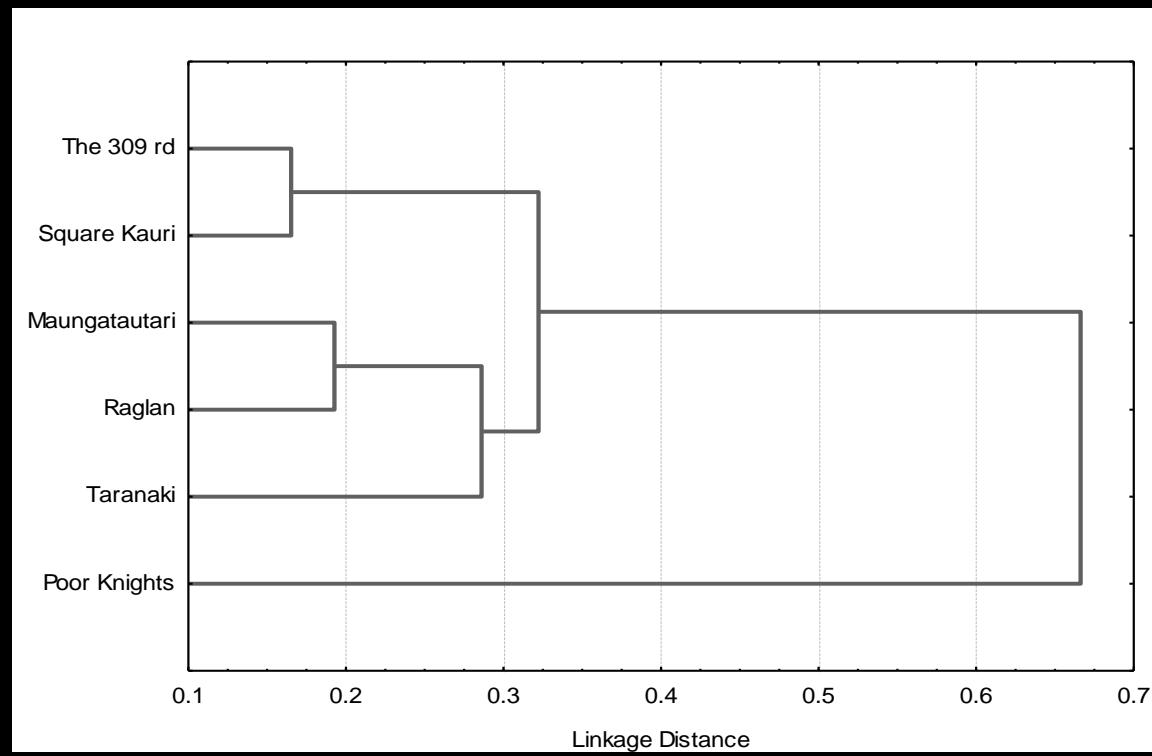
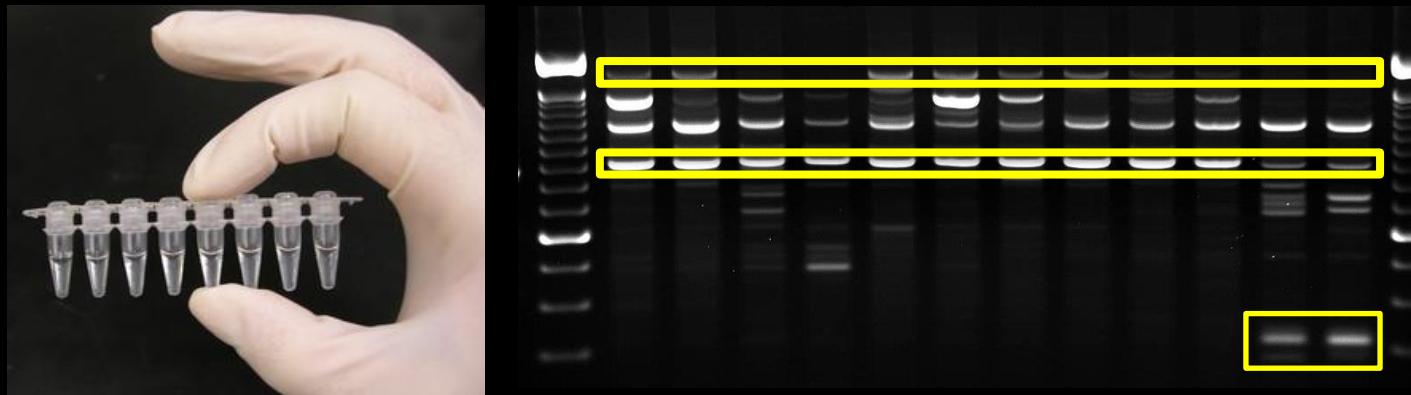
Population structures

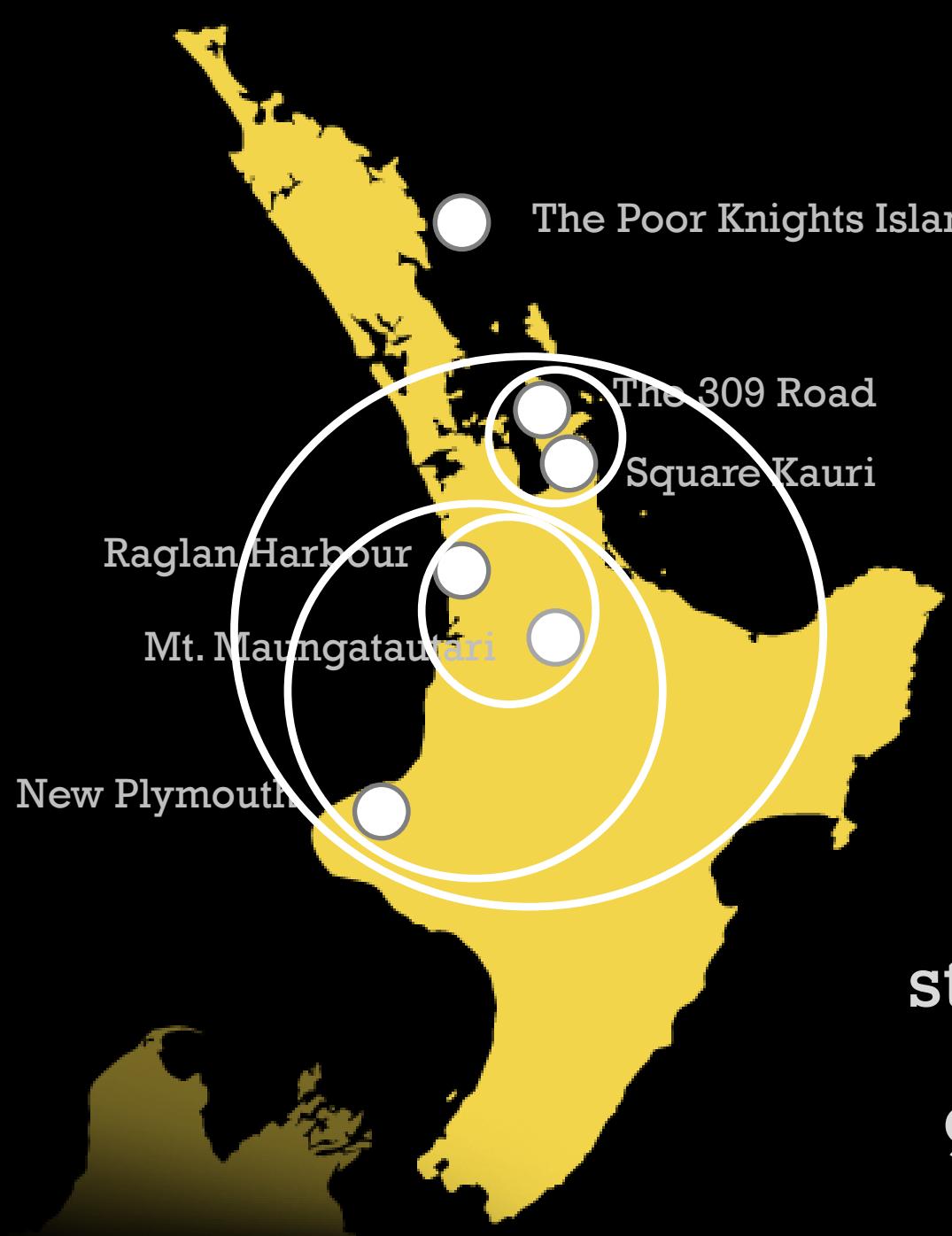


Overall population structure



Population Genetics





Mantel test:

$$r = 0.65$$

$$p = 0.004$$

Genetic distance is
strongly correlated to
geographic distance

Single difference
(mutation?) at one point in
the sequence



G A A G **T** G G T C



G A A G **C** G G T C

Conservation and restoration

P. cornifolium not threatened?

P. kirkii at risk, declining, data poor

- Buffering and connectivity of fragments
- Protection of old growth forests/old trees
- Pest control
- Reintroduction of epiphytes
- Ecosourcing

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